



## **MEDICAL DIRECTIVE**

### **LIPID LOWERING THERAPY – DIABETES (NYFHT-005A)**

#### **DEFINITION**

Assessment of lipid control for patients managed with oral lipid lowering medications (Appendix 1) for the titration and renewal of these therapies in the presence of a diagnosis of diabetes. Lipid control is monitored by the lipid profile, including total cholesterol (TC), low-density lipoprotein (LDL), high-density lipoprotein (HDL), triglyceride (TG), and the ratio of TC/HDL. The treatment target for most patients with diabetes is an LDL < 2.0 mmol/L (Appendix 2).

#### **PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS**

- Renew or titrate lipid lowering medications (Appendix 1)
- Order required laboratory monitoring (Appendix 3)

#### **PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO CARRY OUT THIS DIRECTIVE**

- Clinical Pharmacist working in NYFHT

#### **SITUATIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRED**

- Adult patients (>= 18 years old)
- Current treatment with lipid lowering medication
- Referral to Clinical Pharmacist by physician
- Absence of specific medication contraindication (Appendix 4)
- Target LDL (or other lipid profile marker) indicated on chart (Appendix 2)

#### **RISKS AND PREDICTABLE OUTCOMES**

##### **Risk**

- Medication related adverse effects (Appendix 5)

##### **Predictable Outcome**

- Improved lipid control and overall cardiac risk profile
- Improved patient satisfaction and disease awareness
- Improved patient access to care
- Improved medication adherence

#### **CONTRAINDICATIONS TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DIRECTIVE**

- Evidence of myopathy (symptoms of muscle pain or CK > 5 x ULN)
- Evidence of liver injury (AST, ALT > 3 times ULN)
- Specific contraindication to lipid lowering medication (Appendix 4)

#### **SCHEDULE FOR REVIEW OF MEDICAL DIRECTIVE**

- Every 2 years (minimum) or at the discretion of the members of the NYFHT

**REFERENCES**

Genest J, McPherson R, Frohlich J et al. 2009 Canadian Cardiovascular Society/Canadian guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of dyslipidemia and prevention of cardiovascular disease in the adult – 2009 recommendations. *Can J Cardiol* 2009;25(10):567-579.

**DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL DIRECTIVES**

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**DATE**

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## APPENDIX 1 – LIPID LOWERING MEDICATION

Drug Name	Usual Starting Dose	Titration Schedule	Maximum Titration	Maximum Dose
<b>HMG-CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)</b>				
Atorvastatin (Lipitor®)	10 mg daily	10 mg daily x 6 weeks 20 mg daily x 6 weeks 40 mg daily x 6 weeks 80 mg daily	10 – 40 mg per dose per 6 weeks	80 mg daily
Rosuvastatin (Crestor®)	5 – 10 mg daily	5 mg daily x 6 weeks 10 mg daily x 6 weeks 20 mg daily x 6 weeks 40 mg daily	5 – 20 mg per dose per 6 weeks	40 mg daily
Simvastatin (Zocor®)	5 – 20 mg daily	5 mg daily x 6 weeks 10 mg daily x 6 weeks 20 mg daily x 6 weeks 40 mg daily x 6 weeks 80 mg daily	5 – 40 mg per dose per 6 weeks	80 mg daily
Pravastatin (Pravachol®)	10 mg daily	10 mg daily x 6 weeks 20 mg daily x 6 weeks 40 mg daily x 6 weeks 80 mg daily	10 – 40 mg per dose per 6 weeks	80 mg daily
Lovastatin (Mevacor®)	10 mg daily	10 mg daily x 6 weeks 20 mg daily x 6 weeks 40 mg daily x 6 weeks 80 mg daily	10 – 40 mg per dose per 6 weeks	80 mg daily
Fluvastatin (Lescol®)	10 mg daily	10 mg daily x 6 weeks 20 mg daily x 6 weeks 40 mg daily x 6 weeks 80 mg daily	10 – 40 mg per dose per 6 weeks	80 mg daily
<b>Fenofibric Acid Derivatives (Fibrates)</b>				
Fenofibrate (Lipidil Micro®, Lipidil Supra®, Lipidil EZ®)	200 mg daily 160 mg daily 145 mg daily	No titration (Dose reduction in renal dysfunction)	NA	200 mg daily 160 mg daily 145 mg daily
<b>Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors</b>				
Ezetimibe (Ezetrol®)	10 mg daily	No titration	NA	10 mg daily

## APPENDIX 2 – TREATMENT TARGETS

Cardiac Risk	Initiate Treatment	Treatment Targets
Low (FRS < 10%)	LDL > 5.0 mmol/L	> 50% reduction in LDL
Moderate (FRS 10-19%)	LDL > 3.5 mmol/L or TC/HDL > 5.0	LDL < 2.0 mmol/L or > 50% reduction in LDL
High (FRS > 20%)	All patients with CAD, PVD, atherosclerosis, most DM	LDL < 2.0 mmol/L

## APPENDIX 3 – REGULAR LABORATORY MONITORING

Drug Class	Laboratory Monitoring	Frequency
Statins	AST/ALT*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 6 weeks after initiation or dosage change</li> <li>• Every 6 – 12 months once stable</li> </ul>
	LDL (lipid profile)	
Fibrates	AST/ALT*	
	Serum Creatinine/eGFR	
	LDL (other lipid profile marker)	
Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors	LDL (or other lipid profile marker)	

\*For increase in AST or ALT of 1 – 3 x ULN the dose should not be increased further and the results should be repeated within 2 weeks, additionally if these increased values were subsequent to a dose increase the medication should be held or returned to the previous dose pending repeat bloodwork

## APPENDIX 4 – MEDICATION CONTRAINDICATIONS

Drug Class	Contraindication
Statins	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allergy to statins</li> <li>• AST or ALT &gt; 3 x ULN</li> <li>• Myalgias or CK &gt; 5 x ULN</li> </ul>
Fibrates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allergy to fibrates</li> <li>• AST or ALT &gt; 3 x ULN</li> <li>• Myalgias or CK &gt; 5 x ULN</li> <li>• eGFR &lt; 30 mL/min</li> </ul>
Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allergy to cholesterol absorption inhibitors</li> </ul>

## APPENDIX 5 – MEDICATION ADVERSE EVENTS

Drug Class	Adverse Effects
Statins	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Elevations in liver enzymes</li> <li>• Myalgias</li> </ul>
Fibrates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Elevations in liver enzymes</li> <li>• Myalgias</li> <li>• Renal dysfunction</li> </ul>
Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GI intolerance</li> </ul>



