

First Nations 18+ Progress



81% have received 1st dose

60,392 first doses*

73% have received 2nd dose

54,589 second doses

38% have received a 3rd dose

28,169 third doses

9% have received a 4th dose

6,392 fourth doses

First Nations Youth 12-17 Progress



58% have received 1st dose

6,855 first doses

45% have received 2nd dose

5,279 second doses

First Nation Children 5-11 Progress



42% have received 1st dose

4,821 first doses

25% have received 2nd dose

2,904 second doses

Indigenous Vaccination Dashboard

Scope: Rollout of the COVID-19 vaccine to Indigenous adults, including Operation Remote Immunity. This includes First Nations, Métis, Inuit and urban populations 5+ and is being led by 34 Public Health Units in partnership with Indigenous organizations.

Disclaimer: This dashboard should not be the sole relied upon method to track the rate of vaccination of the Indigenous population given the numerous data caveats and considerations (particularly the ability to track urban Indigenous vaccinations)

Status of Doses in 133*** First Nations Communities

	Adults 18 +	Youth 12-17	Children 5-11	Children 0-4
FN with 1 st doses in progress	-	7	24	6
FN with 1 st and 2 nd doses in progress	7	26	75	
FN with 2 nd doses complete	114	84	11	
FN with 3 rd doses in progress	130	-	-	
FN with 4 th doses in progress	84			

Urban 18+ Progress



58% have received 1st dose

194,038 first doses**

56% have received 2nd dose

186,787 second doses

32% have received a 3rd dose

105,780 third doses

10% have received a 4th dose

32,614 fourth doses

Urban Youth 12-17 Progress



13% have received 1st dose

5,083 first doses

11% have received 2nd dose

4,501 second doses

Urban Children 5-11 Progress



7% have received 1st dose

2,922 first doses

5% have received 2nd dose

2,023 second doses

As of Sept 4, 2022

Notes and caveats:

- The vaccination data that is collected by the Ministry of Health is not meant to be the only source to track vaccination rates across FNIM communities. This data is meant to be supplemented with feedback from Indigenous partners on the ground in order to identify and mitigate any issues. The Ministry of Health does not own or have access to data linked with IC/ES and has been relying on data from the Public Health Units and COVax.
- ORI 3.0: most recent 3rd dose and 5-11 first and second dose coverage provided by ISC and the ORI dashboard and includes up to Feb 20th. Note that this dashboard does NOT include first and second doses 12+ administered as part of ORI 3.0 as they are not separated by age.
- Does not include up to date tracking of First Nations Communities formerly part of ORI.
- Toronto and London Our Health Counts (OHC) data current as of August 30th. The Ministry is using OHC data for population as well as first, second, third, and fourth dose information. This information is included in the 18+ age bracket for the purpose of this dashboard. As OHC includes ages 15+, so there may be some overlap with other age ranges provided by PHUs.
- Urban vaccination numbers and percentages are based on those who used reason for immunization in COVAX as 'Indigenous Community'. The MOH is assuming this is resulting in significant under reporting, even with the 15% buffer applied.
- *First Nations doses administered include ORI. Town of Moosonee and Sioux Lookout doses are counted in First Nations numbers.
- ** Urban 18+, 12-17, and 5-11 first, second, and third doses administered include a 15% buffer to account for known underreporting due to the need to self-identify, other reasons for immunization, and lowering age bands.
 - Northwestern, Thunder Bay, London and Toronto do not have an additional buffer applied as NW and TB apply their own buffer, and a different data source is used for Toronto and London.
- ***Seven FN communities not included in the Adults 18+ count as they are considered urban, meaning they have been incorporated into urban clinics and there is no way to trace doses administered back to the community.
- 18+ urban population denominator was generated by taking 60% of total population numbers from a combination of the census, ISC, and Our Health Counts data. Some PHUs have consulted Indigenous partners to revise this resulting in increased numbers, these PHUs are: Halton, Hamilton, KFLA, Ottawa, Peel, Peterborough, Simcoe Muskoka, Toronto, York.
- 12-17 urban population denominator was generated by taking 10% % of total population numbers from a combination of the census, ISC, and Our Health Counts data. Some PHUs have consulted Indigenous partners to revise this resulting in increased numbers, these PHUs are : Hamilton, Simcoe Muskoka
- First Nations Youth 12-17 denominators include some population estimates and should be used as an estimate only.
- Some PHUs report on doses administered in their region and would include those who do not live in the region, while some PHUs report on those that have been vaccinated who live in the region and were not necessarily vaccinated by the health unit.
- Doses administered may include household members who are not Indigenous and/or non-Indigenous employees of Indigenous health-service organizations.