

## Chronic pain management

This project started with interest from 2 practising physicians and a pharmacist about current state of opioid prescribing in their practice & a question regarding resident knowledge and skills in prescribing opioids for chronic pain management.

- We currently use PS Suites Netmedical ® as our EMR.

### Current

1. Physician specific chronic pain roster (using EMR searches & Excel sheet) for the physician to review and consider their population.
  - a. Includes indication of “as needed use/ irregular scripts” or “chronic”
  - b. For patients with chronic opioids (any long-acting medication or any short-acting medications with part-fills)
    - i. Identification of morphine equivalents and moderate/ high/ very high as defined by Gomes et al<sup>1</sup> article
    - ii. Opioid treatment/ narcotic contract on file
    - iii. Adjunct medications being used (TCA, SNRI, gabapentin/pregabalin, NSAID/COX2)
    - iv. Referral to mental health/ addictions counsellor
    - v. Outside prescriber (usually pain clinic)
2. Addition of EMR tools to support safe prescribing by everyone
  - a. Opioid risk tool as an EMR stamp
  - b. Opioid treatment agreement handout
  - c. Custom form for urine of drug of abuse screen
  - d. Aberrant behaviors as an EMR stamp
  - e. Pain journal handouts
  - f. Opioid patient information handout
3. Resident policy and procedure created regarding their prescribing of opioids to patients.
4. Presentation to residents regarding current guidelines about opioid prescribing in chronic non-cancer pain, including a case of misuse.

### Future

1. Creation of a working group regarding chronic pain management which includes 2 physicians, pharmacist, mental health/ addictions counsellor, psychologist and programs manager.
  - a. Consider how to de-stigmatize chronic pain management and screening for addiction risk for patients on chronic pain therapy to ensuring that it can be done for every patient.
  - b. Consider how to integrate non-pharmacological management, such as mindfulness, into treatment plans & how to offer at SETFHT
  - c. Consider how to liaise with community linkages/ referral sites better
  - d. Consider how to best use services with pharmacist and mental health/ addictions counsellor

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<sup>1</sup> Gomes et al. Trends in opioid use and dosing among socio-economically disadvantaged patients. Open medicine 2011; 5(1): E13. <http://www.openmedicine.ca/article/view/421/372>

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Patient #	First Name	Surname	Age	PRN USE	Current script	Chronic opioid user	Current scripts	morphine equiv	moderate/high/ very high	Narcotic Contract	On TCA	On SNRI	On Gabapentin/ pregabalin	On NSAID/ COX2	Seen mental health/ addictions	Outside prescriber
1	Donald	Duck	40		Percocet	1	Oxycodone 10 - 15mg	15 - 22.5	moderate					1	smoking	
2	Mickey	Mouse	50	1	Percocet											
3	Minnie	Mouse	45	1	Percocet											
4	Alvin	Chipmunk	84	1	Tylenol #2											
5	Archie	Comics	61		Fentanyl											1
6	Charlie	Brown	53	1	Tylenol #3											
7	Jem	Hologram	49		MS Contin + morphine IR	1	morphine 120 mg	120	moderate	1		1			Smoking	

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