ADVANCE CARE PLANNING: WHAT WE CAN LEARN FROM PRIMARY CARE PROVIDERS IN THE EAST TORONTO HEALTH LINK

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SESSION OBJECTIVES

- Understand the challenges of Advance Care Planning (ACP) as identified by primary care providers in the East Toronto Health Link
- Show how those challenges were used to inform the approach to Advance Care Planning at ETHeL
- Overview of the ACP facilitator model adapted at ETHeL
- Material produced by ETHeL to support patients and providers with ACP



ETHEL ACP PROCESS

Information gathering

- Needs assessment of primary care providers
- Patient engagement panel

Product Generation

- ETHeL workbook and pamphlets
- Conversation guides
- Provider education sessions

ACP conversations

 Ongoing support for providers facilitating ACP conversations



LESSON #1: LACK OF A COMMON LANGUAGE



Glossary of end of life planning terms:

Advance Care Planning: A process of discussion and reflection of an individual's wishes and preferences for future care. It will be based on current health conditions but refers to potential care needs in the future. Only a person with capacity to engage in ACP can do this, a Substitute Decision Maker (SDM) cannot.



LESSON #1: LACK OF A COMMON LANGUAGE



Glossary of end of life planning terms:

Goals of Care Discussions: Between a capable patient or their SDM and healthcare provider. These discussions attempt to align available treatments with a person's goals of care. They are discussions about current rather than future medical care.

Treatment Plan: These may arise out of a goals of care discussion. The health care provider proposing treatment must obtain consent from either a capable patient or SDM.



LESSON #2: PRIMARY CARE PROVIDERS NEED EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT FOR ACP



Facilitator Training

- Based on Respecting Choices® model developed by Gunderson Health System, and facilitator training from Fraser Health
- Recognizes that facilitating conversations that help individuals explore their values, perceptions of quality of life, personal trade-offs, benefit and burden tolerance are an advanced communication skill
- Basic ACP education for all healthcare providers





Basic Education

- For all healthcare providers
- Objectives:
 - Working knowledge of ACP definitions, benefits
 - Help patients understand differences between SDM and POA
 - Advise patients on the desirable attributes of an SDM

Facilitator Training

- For interested providers who will become ACP facilitators
- Objectives:
 - Gain comfort and confidence with discussions that will help patients explore their values and perceptions of quality of life and benefit/burden trade-offs.
 - Be able to support individuals through the ACP process



LESSON #3: FOCUS ON VALUES AND ESSENTIAL ABILITIES RATHER THAN TREATMENTS



Emphasis in facilitator training, public engagement sessions

- Inherent uncertainty in predicting future healthcare needs
- Rather than focusing on specific interventions that may or may not occur, focus on how that individual defines quality of life, what abilities are essential to their enjoyment of life
 - Being aware of one's environment
 - Able to communicate with family and friends
 - Ability to perform ADLs



LESSON #3: TAILOR ACP TO INDIVIDUAL PATIENTS

- Stage of Health
 - Healthy Adult
 - Adult with Chronic illness
 - Adult with less than 12 months prognosis
- Cultural Humility
- Readiness to participate in ACP



ACP INTERDISCIPLINARY FACILITATOR MODEL

Individual identified or expressed interest in talking about future medical care

Healthcare Provider provides basic information on ACP

Individuals interested in continuing the discussion follow-up with an ACP facilitator and bring SDM or POA to that discussion



BENEFITS OF A FACILITATOR MODEL FOR ACP

- Allows an opportunity for interested healthcare providers to develop an enhanced skill
- Well suited to interprofessional healthcare teams where professions other than MDs can lead the conversation.
- Addresses the barrier of "Not enough time" identified by primary care physicians by allowing others to take on the task



- Working Group comprised of members from partner organization and community representatives
- Reviewed existing ACP material from Speak Up, Canada, US and Australia
- Products reviewed by Patient Engagement Committee
- Language inclusive of chronic disease population



Pamphlet:

- Intended use: to introduce ACP to clients/ patients
- Provides an overview of ACP



Advance Care Planning Information Guide

A gift for you and your family



Workbook:

- For individuals to work through on their own
- For use once someone is open to thinking about and discussing ACP
- Helps individuals work through the ACP process with their chosen support network





Discussion Guides for Providers:

- Health Adult
- Adult with Chronic Disease
- Adult with less than 12 months prognosis
- Cultural Humility

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Patients in Lows Team CoverLast 12 Months or Life: This quide can be used with potients if capable. When speaking to the substitute decision maker, focus on understanding the patients prior capable wither, values and beliefs about medical care.		
Your Action	Sample Questions	
Document discusion and follow-up plans.		
Explore understanding of potential complications with patient or	As you know, you have an illness that makes it difficult to predict when a complication may occur and decisions may know to be made on your behalf. Do you know what situations may occur and what decisions may need to be made?	
substitute decision-maker.	(Provide information only if able or appropriate.)	
	CPE example. What do you understand about CPE? What has your physician tail you about CPE? What do you think the success rate of CPE in, especially for someone with your medical candidoss? There are other decisions that we feel	
	you need to start thinking about. We want you to learn more about these decisions and have time to think about what your goals are and what preferences you have. These include artificial notificial/hydration, hospitalization/surgery	
	and anchinity. If the interviewer is not able to discuss these, help the person create a list of questions that they can discuss with their doctor.	
Develop a list of identified questions or concerns and involve	You have identified some questions and concerns that I have written down. I suggest that we involve others who can address your concerns and provide the information or support your need.	
others as necessary.		
Esslera individual's personaire of confort care.	Here are many things we can do to make you confortable. (so you trill me what being confortable might mean to you! What from or concerns do you have!	

Adapted by East Toronto Health Link (2014) from Respecting Choices Facilitator Guide (1996)

ADVANCE CARE PLANNING INTERVIEW GUIDE

GENERAL ADVANCE CARE PLANNING INTERVIEW GLODE: This is a general interview guide that can be used to introduce your patient to Advance Care Planning.			
Your Actions - Document discussion and follow-up plans.	Sample Questions		
Affirm your relationship.	I'm here to lears how to best help you and your loved ones understand what's involved in planning ahead for future healthcare decisions.		
Asset the person(s) they will be assisted.	I need to ask you reveral questions to find the best way to help you and I need to hear your questions and concerns as well.		
Inform the person's) that these discussions are part of good healthcare.	We are triving to provide this type of assistance for all our patents/residents. We think it's your right to know what your choices are, and give you adequate time for reflection and discussion.		
Excurage the percos(s) to see this as a process that may change over time.	Our discussion today is only a beginning. We can take this at your own pace. Since your views may change over time, it is also important to revisit your plans regularly.		
Explore the meaning of statements and phrases.	What do you mean when you say: a) I don't want to be a borden, b) I'm scared to think about these things c) I don't want to die the way my mother did d) I want to die with dignity		
Schedule adequate time to begin these conversations and determine type and number of follow-up	We will begin learning together today, but this often takes more time than most people think, so I hope you will cancider scheduling more time and perhaps involving more people if needed.		
202006			
Provide written information (i.e. Advance Care Planning Guide, Power of Attorney Form for Finance and	Take this information home with you to review with your family. I am also giving you a workbook to help you think about what kind of healthcare you would like to receive in the future when you		
Personal Care, ETHel. Advance Care Planning Work Sheet).	can't make decross for yourself.		

This interview guide will help you explore t	Exposes Cut must an Sentrus Values in Advance Case PL anena This interview guide will help you explore the patients culture and what is important to bem in terms of disclosure of medical information, but telling and how decisions are made when someone is sick in the family		
Your Actions - Document discussion and follow-up plant.	Sample Questions		
Assess people individually, avoiding assumptions related to their	Is there a preference for open communication? Is information regarding prognosis openly discussed? If information regarding prognosis is openly discussed, how does this information typically get handled? Are there concerns about		
ethic affiation.	discussing progness?		
Listes and explore.	Are topics of death and dying appropriate for discussion? How may this person's perspectives vary from those of the stated religious or cultural perspective?		
Identify potential barriers to initiating advance care planning	Is there a distract of authority figures/healthcare professionals! Is there a fear of loss of control over decision-making! Are there reading audior language comprehension difficulties!		
dication.			
Negociate strategies to address barriers.	Assess individuals' preferences for how decisions should be made. Assure then that their decisions to have family members receive information, make decisions, est. will be respected if that is what they choose. Offer the use of non-		
	medical advance care planning facilitators, when available.		
	Facilitate the discussion in an unhumied manner. Listen and explore. For individuals who fear the documentation of preferences, focus on the value of the discussion alone, the reference of a treated decision maker, and the inclusion of		
	this person in informal discussions. For individuals who parfer to document their performance, take time to verbally review documents. Provide materials in the appropriate language and reading level. Provide community opportunities to		

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CPR Discussion Aid:

- Intended for patients
- Tool for providers to discuss benefits and burdens of resucitation



Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)

A decision aid for patients and their decision makers



QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?



THANK YOU