





The Health Promotion 6Pack (Hp6): Motivating Patients to Change Unhealthy Behaviours in Clinical Practice

AFHTO Conference October 15, 2014 (3PM – 3:45PM)

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Faculty Disclosures: Dr. Peter Selby

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- NO TOBACCO or ALCOHOL or FOOD INDUSTRY FUNDING



Disclaimer

The recipient of the funding is in compliance with the CMA and the CPA guidelines / recommendations for interaction with the pharmaceutical industry.

These materials (and any other materials provided in connection with this presentation) as well as the verbal presentation and any discussions, set out only general principles and approaches to assessment and treatment pertaining to tobacco cessation interventions, but do not constitute clinical or other advice as to any particular situations and do not replace the need for individualized clinical assessment and treatment plans by health care professionals with knowledge of the specific circumstances.



TEACH Curriculum Development

The TEACH Curriculum and slides were developed and compiled with funding from the Government of Ontario, Ministry of Health and Long Term Care. Content of slides are primarily based on evidence based guidelines including:

- CAN-ADAPTT Canadian Practice Guidelines Initiative developed in collaboration with national experts in tobacco cessation and health behaviour change (<u>www.can-adaptt.net</u>)
- US Guidelines Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: Clinical Practice Guideline 2008 Update. US Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service
- Rethinking Stop-Smoking Medications: Treatment Myths and Medical Realities OMA Position Paper, January 2008.

The development and delivery of the TEACH curriculum is not influenced or funded in any part by tobacco industry. TEACH has not received funding from the tobacco industry. The development of the TEACH curriculum has not been influenced by pharmaceutical industry. TEACH project received a \$10 000 unrestricted grant from Pfizer, to develop video vignettes that are used in our training. Information presented on pharmacotherapy refers to generic products only, and recommendations are based on existing research, including the CAN-ADAPTT and US guidelines. An algorithm is provided to help practitioners determine if and which pharmacotherapy is appropriate for a smoker.



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What is Your Primary Practice Setting?

- a. Hospital / acute care
- b. Primary care
- c. Long term care
- d. Community care
- e. Specialty care



Learning Objective

 Develop an implementation plan of a 5 step model to enhance readiness to change during an office visit.





National Burden of the "Big Four"

Canadian Population	34,200,000
Deaths so far this year	
Chronic Diseases	143,434
Cardiovascular Disease	65,550
Cancer	54,987
Chronic Respiratory Disease	10,802
Diabetes	5,756
Mental Disorders	5,137
Musculoskeletal Diseases	1,197

The Chronic Disease Clock is constantly updating and in real-time. These numbers were generated November 14, 2012 at 10:50 am. For up-to-date numbers please visit http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/ccdpc-cpcmc/index_e.html



MODIFIABLE BEHAVIOURAL RISK FACTORS

Smoking

Physical activity

Alcohol and other substances

Nutrition

Stress Tolerance

Sleep

INTERMEDIATE
PHYSICAL /
PHYSIOLOGICAL
RISK FACTORS

High blood pressure

Cholesterol / lipids

Glucose intolerance

Overweight / obesity

SELECTED CHRONIC DISEASES

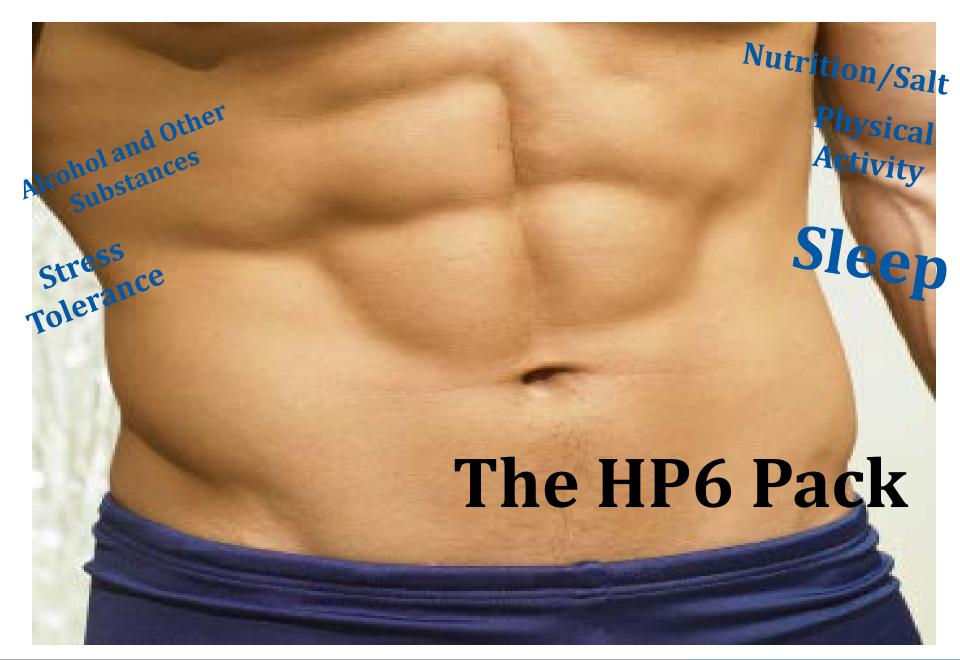
Cardiovascular Disease

Diabetes

Cancer

Mental Illness







- Collectively, the five risks reduced life expectancy by 7.5 years
- The greatest impact on reduced life expectancy was from current smoking, physical activity and unhealthy eating

(PHO Report: Seven More Years: The Impact of smoking, alcohol, diet, physical activity and stress on health and life expectancy in Ontario, April 2012)



Reducing the burden

- Increase life expectancy by up to 3.7 years (through improvement to a person's most impactful behaviour risk)
- Biggest impact on health
 - 37% need to become more physically active
 - 29% need to improve their diet
 - 22% need to quit smoking





Common causal factors?

Social determinants of health Biological determinants

Why Consider Integrated Disease Prevention?

Clustering of risk factors
Interaction of risk factors
Impact on chronic disease

....So why do we treat them in isolation?



Challenges of Addressing Multiple Behavioural Risk Factors

- Priorities: Acute treatment of life threatening illness
- Belief that other factors are more important
- Unaware of effective interventions
- Effective interventions for addressing multiple risk factors are not known
- There is no "magic bullet"
- Patient or provider readiness for change
- Time



Healthcare Practitioner Goals

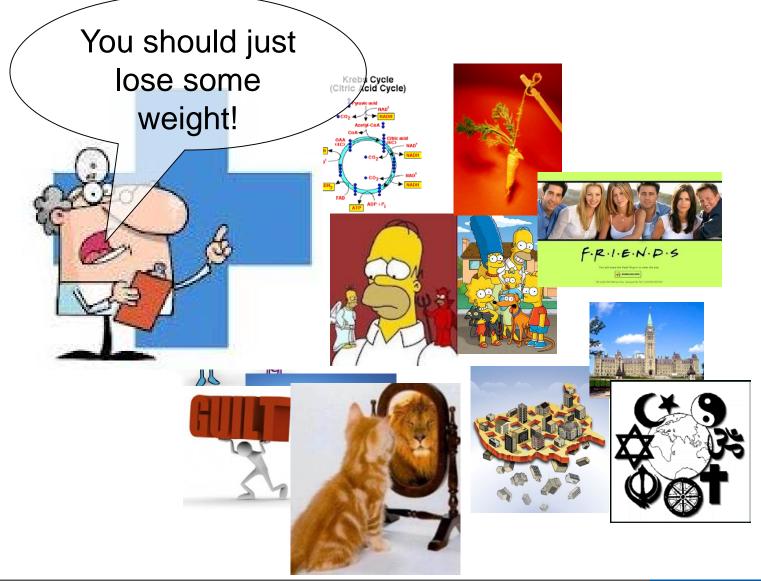
1. Empower the patient

2. Use Motivational Interviewing as a means to empower

3. Change within the context



Determinants of Change





So how do I get people to change?



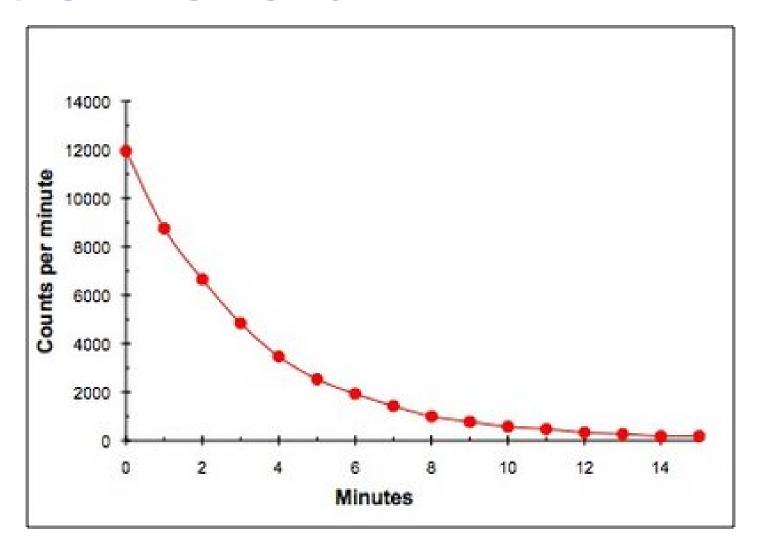








ADVICE HAS A SHORT HALF LIFE







Motivating Change!



Three Communication Styles

Direct



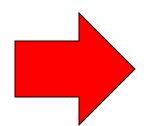
Guide









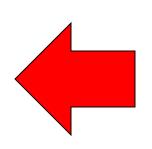


Guiding:



Solution-focused therapy

(Asking)





Following:

Psychodynamic Psychotherapy

Rogerian Therapy

(Listening)

Directing:

Behavioural Therapy

CBT

Reality Therapy

Dr. Phil

(Informing)



OARS



OPEN questions (to elicit client change talk)

AFFIRM the client appropriately (support, emphasize personal control)

REFLECT (try for complex reflections)

SUMMARIZE offering double-sided reflection



Planning for Change

- Agenda Mapping
- S.T.O.P. Framework
- EBB: Environment, Biology, Behaviour



Agenda Mapping

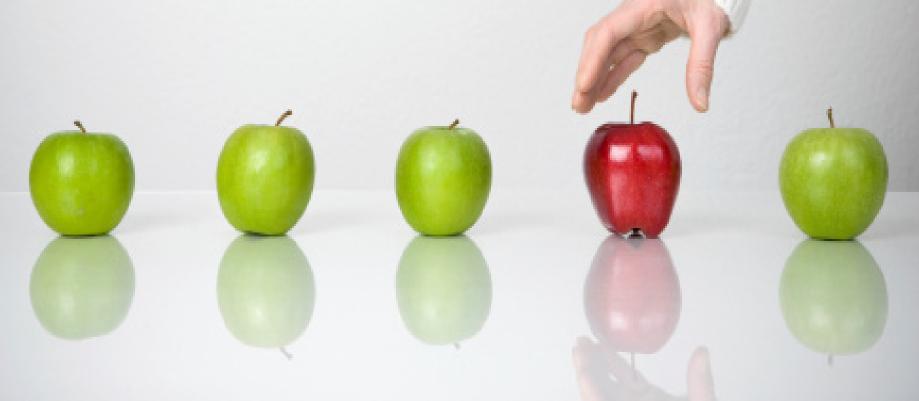
- A tool to help clients choose what area toward better health they want to start with
- No topic if off limits success in one area can lead to success in another
- Maintain client autonomy



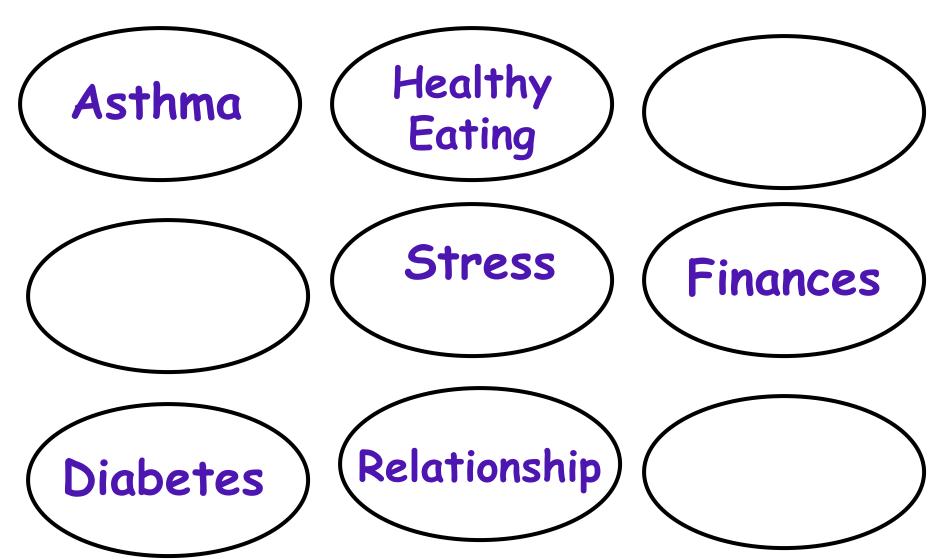


- Start with understanding the patient's perspectives and preferences
- With permission provide additional suggestions or information

 Pay attention to "trapping" the person by suggesting a lifestyle change (or focusing too soon on change) once the person raises a lifestyle area

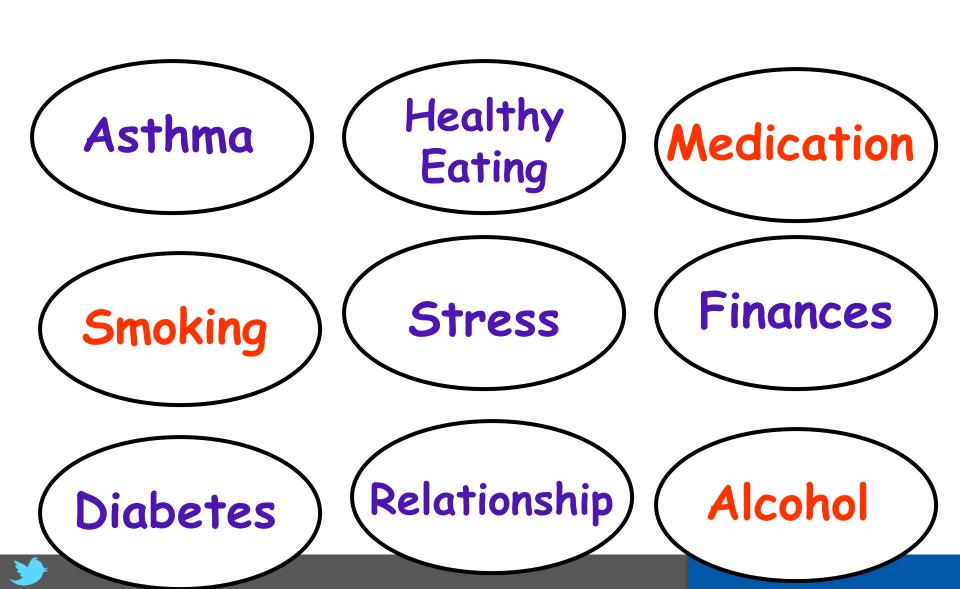


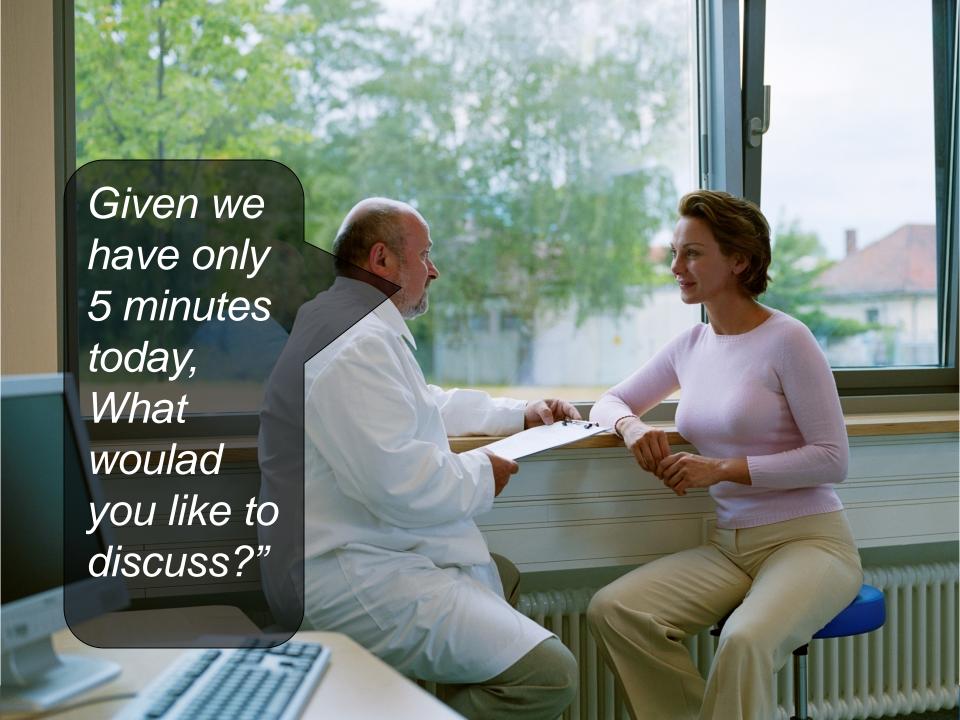
"What are some issues you feel are affecting your life today and you may want to change?"





"Would it be ok for me to share some additional concerns I have?"





Skills used for Agenda Mapping: OARS, EPE



Elicit the patient's understanding of the problem

Provide information

Elicit patient's response to your information





- 1. STRATEGIZE
- 2. TAKE ACTION
- 3. OPTIMIZE
- 4. PREVENT RELAPSE (PERSEVERE)



STRATEGIZE

ENVIRONMENT – BEHAVIOUR

- BIOLOGY

Quitting Smoking

Factors that support the continuation of smoking

Environment

Partner smokes
Smoke in home
Colleagues smoke

Behaviour

Smoke with my morning coffee Smoke after dinner Smoke more when I drink alcohol

Biology

Smoke 2 packs/day Experience severe withdrawal when I can't smoke

Quitting Smoking

Factors that will support quitting smoking

Environment

Make home smoke free
Go on break with colleague who doesn't smoke

Behaviour

Switch to decaf Finish dinner and wash dishes right away Stop alcohol for a while

Biology

Talk to doctor about NRT



TAKE ACTION

Set a quit/change date

Practice quitting

OPTIMIZE

Revisit the EBB plan and what needs to be tweaked

PREVENT RELAPSE

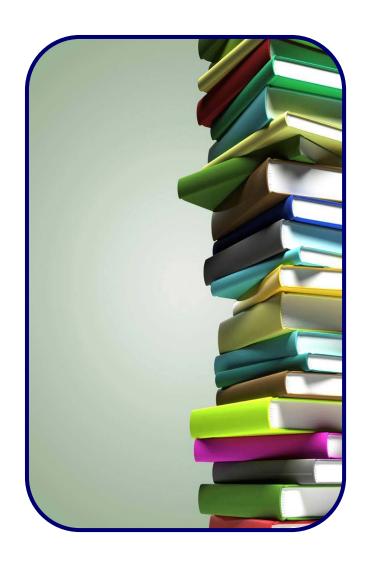
Continue to monitor triggers and develop coping skills

How do you feel dealing with complexity?









Resources



Motivational Interviewing Resources

Motivational Interviewing: Preparing People for Change (2002) William R. Miller and Stephen Rollnick

Building Motivation Interviewing Skills: A Practitioner Workbook (2009) David B. Rosengren

Motivational Dialogue: Preparing Addiction Professionals for Motivational Interviewing Practice (2007)

Gillian Tober and Duncan Raistrick (Ed.)

Motivational Interviewing in Health Care: Helping Patients Change Behaviour (2008) Stephen Rollnick, William R. Miller, Christopher C. Butler

Motivational Interviewing with Adolescents and Young Adults (2011) Sylvie Naar-King ansd Marian Suarez

www.motivationalinterview.org



TEACH YouTube Channel:

http://www.youtube.com/user/teachproject#p/u



CAN-ADAPTT

Canadian Action Network for the Advancement, Dissemination and Adoption of Practice-informed Tobacco Treatment

CAN-ADAPTT is a practice-based research network designed to facilitate knowledge exchange in the area of smoking cessation between practitioners, healthcare providers and researchers. It includes

 Access to a dynamic set of Tobacco Control Guidelines

For further information or to register for free, please visit www.can-adaptt.net









HOME

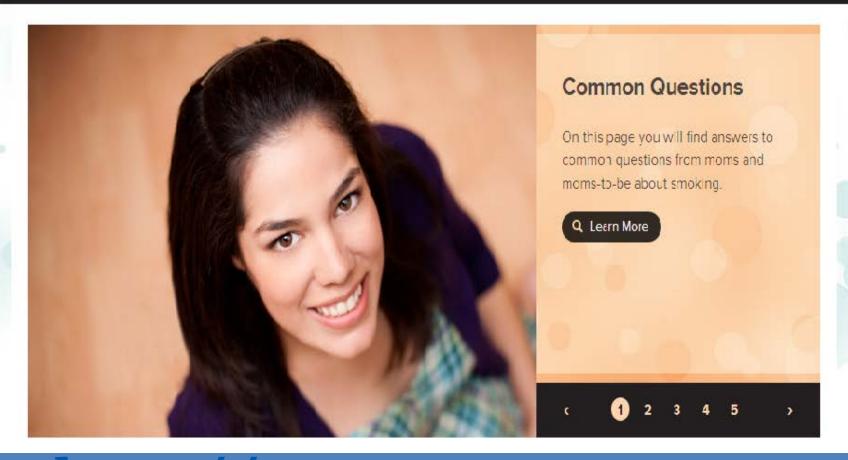
MOMS AND MOMS-TO-BE

FOR HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS

You are not alone. Join the Pregnets community discussion. O JON NOW







About C-Changeinme

- Patient self-management tool for the prevention and management of cardiovascular disease co-morbidities
- Evidence Informed and Theory Based Online Behavioural Intervention
- Multi-pronged intervention
 - Credible health information (phase 1)
 - Health Risk Assessment (HRA) (phase 1&2)
 - Targeted diet and exercise strategies (phase 1)
 - Social Networking (phase 2)
 - Health Coaching (phase 2)
- Targets moderate to high risk individuals and/or individuals with family or friends with moderate to high risk

http://c-changeprogram.ca



Clinical Resource Centre (CRC)

Interactive resource for Canadian family physicians and other primary healthcare professionals to assist in the management of patients with multiple co-morbidities.

- Decision support tools
- Implementation information
- Case studies
- Web applications
- Provider education materials & support
- A patient self-management program C-changeinme™

OBJECTIVE: to provide primary care healthcare professionals with concise, evidence-based information on CVD and chronic disease prevention and management, as well as practical clinical tools and strategies designed to aid in the day-to-day management of patients.

LONG TERM GOALS: Facilitate health system and behavior change by increasing patient and physician interaction to better manage and prevent CVD.



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